

Operation manual

Tensile test machine

TH 2730

12/2002

Tensile test machine

General:

Caution! The load cell can be destroyed easily!

Specially if the clamps collide or if there is a transversal force the load cell might be destroyed quickly

*Carefully mount load cells.
No torque may be put on the load cell!*

Caution: danger of injury!

because of the fully accessible construction there is a danger of injury.

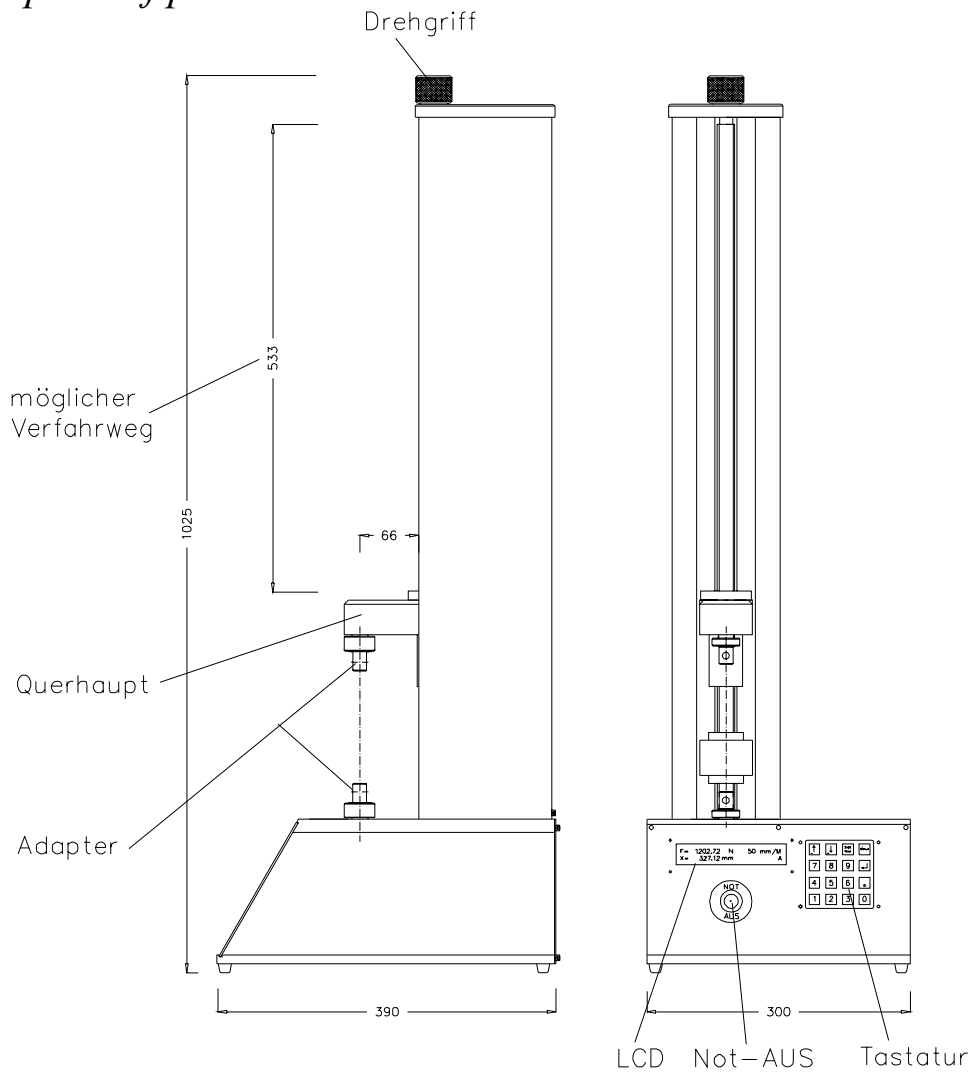
be aware that nobody is hit in the operation area!

Qualified craftsmen may only operate the machine

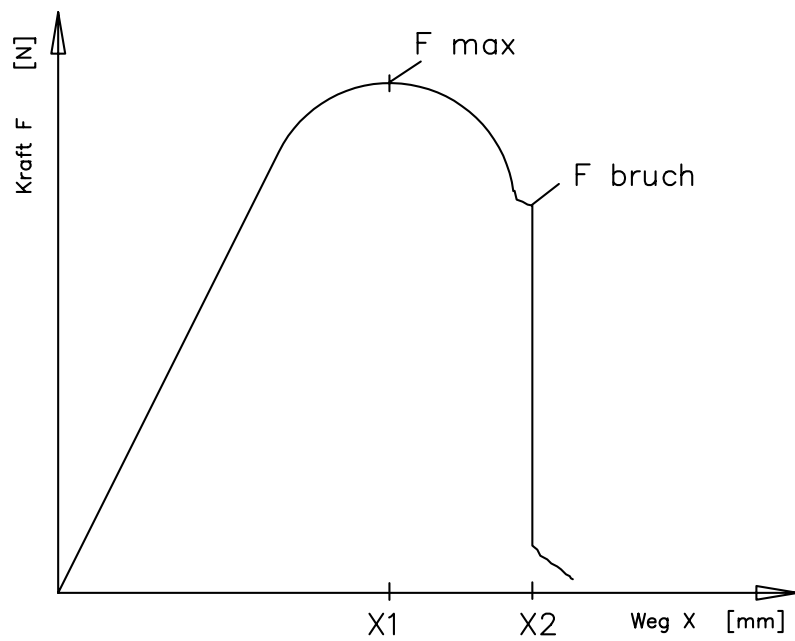
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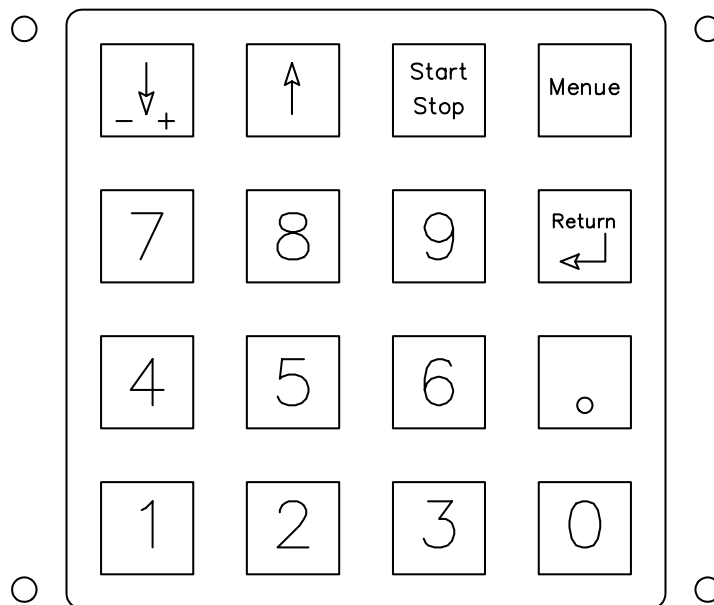
1) Description of parts



Kraft – Weg Diagramm



2) Control panel: 4 x 4 Block



"↓" (down arrow)

in Menu a fast positioning: Crosshead runs down

Caution: Danger of squeezing fingers between the clamps

Caution Load cell may be destroyed by collision!

in Menu (C,D,E,F): + / - change

The positioning speed can be adjusted. Range between: 1-700 mm/min

during positioning with this key the max. Force is limited to 33 % of the nominal force of load cell to protect the load-cell from damage.

Nevertheless, the load cell might get damaged if the speed is too high and the collision is between two hard surfaces, because the machine can't stop quickly enough.

"↑" (up Arrow)

in Menu "A" fast positioning: machine travels up
speed can be adjusted in menu

during positioning with this key the max. force is limited to 33% of nominal force to protect the load-cell from damage.

"S" (Start/Stop)

only active in Menu A

this key starts the test

As soon as a change of force in 0.02 seconds is bigger than ΔF the machine stops and displays F_{max} res. X_{max} .

If the Start-Stop key is pressed during a test the procedure is interrupted. Pressing the Start-Stop key again continues the test.

Any other key stops test totally.

Menu-key

This key enables access to the current settings:

V traveling speed in Menu

Range: from 1 mm /min to 700 mm/min (positive values only)

X distance for a test

Range: from 1 mm to 540 mm (=smallest version of machine)

(minus the length of testing equipment)

(positive values mean tensile test)

(negative values mean compression test)

change + to - by pressing "↓" changes sign

ΔF [N] sensitivity for detecting rupture of specimen.

i.e. value of 200N means: if in tensile mode load decreases more than 200N/50ms rupture is detected and test is finished.

*F*limitS

Maximum force in Menu F (Software Limit of Load cell)

Exceeding this load cancels the test

F man:

Manual speed from 1 to 700 mm/Min for operation with Arrow- Keys

(↑ ↓) during manual positioning

(Enter) Return or Enter key

this key is used in multiple ways

in main menu (A) it is used to reposition the Crosshead in starting position in setting menu it is used to validate the new values

"0"

Key "0" (lower right)

this key is used in multiple ways

in main menu (A) it does the zero adjustment

which means by pressing "0" - Key the A - D-interface sets and the distance is set to zero.

in the sub menus this Key is used for numeric input

"1"

Key 1

this key is used in multiple ways

in main menu (A) it is use to show the Fmax. and the referring distance after finishing the test.

in the sub menus (C,D,E,F) this Key is used for numeric input

" 2 "

Key 2

*after finished test: the key shows F-break and X-break
(breaking force and breaking distance.*

" 5 "

*check Password for config menu (see chapter 4)
(also checked at power on when holding a key pressed)*

in the sub menus (C,D,E,F) this Key is used for numeric input

" 8 "

Key 8 toggle to force regulation

*This key activates the force regulation menu.
after switching to force regulation menu and pressing that key the
parameters for the requested force are expected.*

*by pressing the Start/Stop Key force regulation is activated
the machine will slowly approach the requested force.*

a second hit on this key "8" deactivates force regulation

" 9 "

Key 9 (Option - not in Standard program

*if in main menu this key brings up a Program which enables the
automatic mode or force regulation*

*If automatic mode is active the machine returns to zero position after
finishing the test*

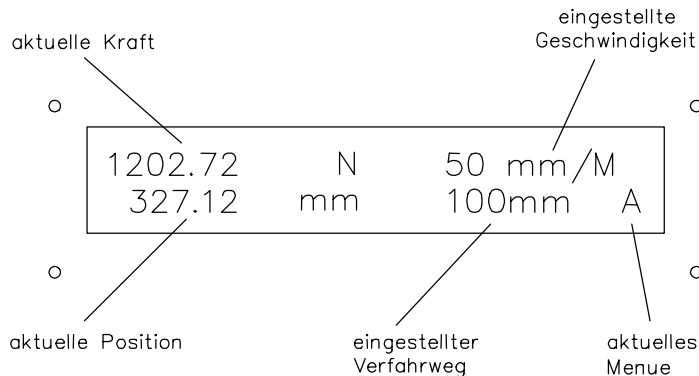
"3".."9", ".")

the keys "3,4,5,6,7,8,9" and

in the sub menus (C,D,E,F) this Keys are used for numeric input

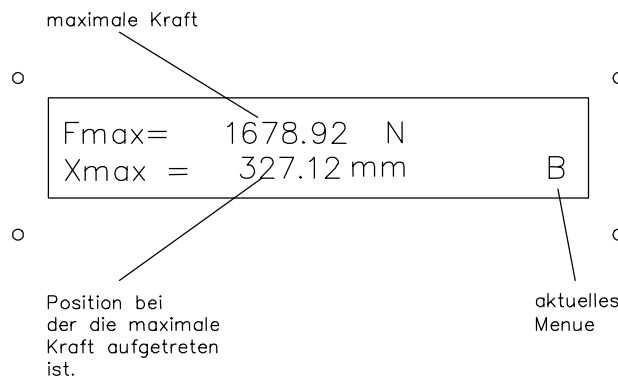
3) LCD Display

When you switch on the machine you get a message about the size of the mounted load cell. After the processor finishes the zero adjustment procedure you see the main menu A as follows:

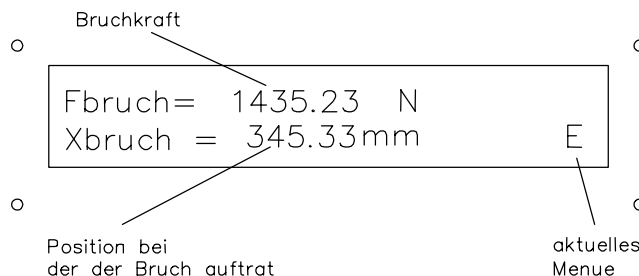


After the testing is finished the display holds the maximum force reached respective the force at breaking point.

You also see the maximum force in case of an irregular end of the test e.g.: exceeding max. distance, exceeding max. force etc.



by pressing key "2" you see the rupture load.



by pressing "1" your re-establish the max.-load display from menu B

by pressing "M" you return to Menu "A"

by pressing "Return" the testing machine returns to start position.

in case the measured load during positioning reaches 1% of F - limit the positioning is stopped to protect the load cell against collision.

The LCD's contrast can be adjusted with the adjustable resistor on the main PCB!

4) Change of configuration

by pressing "Menu" during power on or "5" key you call the config menu. to prevent accidental change of configuration it is necessary to key in the Code.

proceed as follows:

after pressing "5" key the display shows: " Password ? "
now key in the number "09122" if you entered the code correctly you can either load the pre-set values or change them.
display shows: Factory settings ?
Yes=0

by pressing "0" the machine load the following values:
by pressing "Return" you skip the defaults.

Default values:

Language (Sprache) 1=deutsch 2= english 3= italian 4=french

UNITS 1/2 mm N / in lbf (1lbf = 4.44822 N / 1 in = 25.4 mm)

LOADCELL	[N]	2000
load cell Sensitivity (Lastzellenempfindlichkeit)	[mV/V]	3.165 (example)
Calibration factor (Kalibrierfaktor)	[FAK]	1.000
by pressing "0" you start a Calibration program		
F limit H (maximum force for Hardware)	[N]	1500 [N]
return speed (Rücklaufgeschwindigkeit)	[VR]	500mm/min
F(0)	[N]	(preload) .

these settings are stored in a non-volatile ROM and are re-established after every power on.

We recommend noting all changes on a piece of paper.

Machine type

'Machine type' can be set to 1..6 value with following meaning:

'1' for small engine (40W), short machine (up to 500mm) TH 2730 3kN

'2' for small engine (40W), long machine (up to 1200 mm) TH 2730 3kN 1000mm Verfahrweg

'3' for big engine (80W), short machine (up to 500mm) TH 2730 5kN
 '4' for big engine (80W), long machine (up to 1200 mm) TH 2730 5kN <1000mm Verfahrweg
 '5' for two big engines (80W -10kN), short machine (up to 500mm) TH 3630 10 kN
 '6' for two big engines (80W -10kN), long machine (up to 1200 mm). TH 3630 10 kN <1000 mm

After update parameter is '0' and **must be set to value between 1 and 6** ('0' and '7' is not allowed).

In machine without program (empty) this parameter is automatic set to '1'.

For more information see info-hex-3-74.txt file.

5) Load Cell

5.1) Limits of the Load Cell

The Load Cell mustn't be deformed more than max. 0.2 mm in pulling direction!

Doing pressure tests ensure that the Load Cell does not bend out to the side!
 Specially using low force Load Cells there is a high risk of damage by permanent bending of the Load Cell which is due to the Load Cells construction principle
 In case there is a danger of Load Cell overload we recommend using special protection equipment, which we also provide. (www.grip-engineering.com)

After overload damage the Load Cell may still show measurements, but is not linear anymore.

This is why we recommend the use of pneumatic grips for low force tests to avoid accidentally destruction of load cells when tightening the clamps.

To ensure the accuracy of a Load Cell a calibration test should be done with multiple different weights. If necessary adjust the calibration factor .

We only can provide the Load Cell Function as guaranteed by the manufacturer Interface/Huppert. Any warranty claims, which are due to mal -operation or overload will not be accepted.

5.2) Zero adjustment

By pressing " 0 " before testing a **Zero adjustment is done.**

As already the clamping of probes does produce forces a **Zero adjustment** should always be done before testing.

5.3) change of load cells

Switch off power on the machine

- loosen the screw at the cross bar
- mount new load cell with the screw at the cross bar
- put load cell plug into the connector at the back side of the machine

- Switch on the machine again and wait to end of self test procedure
- press "5"
- type Password: "09122"
- save old parameters on a piece of paper and type the new values
 - set new parameter for 'Load cell' e.g.: 2000 [N]
 - set new parameter for 'mV/V'
(load cell sensitivity) e.g.: 3.165 [mV/N]
 - set new parameter for 'Cal' (calibration factor) to "1"

set calibration factor with weight

*put a calibration weight at the load cell, e.g. : 10 kg = 98.0665 N (***

the display should show a similar value

E.g. the display shows 95.6 N the calibration factor must be increased:

from 1 to 1.03745 (use calculator)

check the changes with the weight again!

*** (this is dependent to your location and valid for 45° northern / e.g. at the*

North pole it would be 98.32 N / at the Equator 97.80 N)

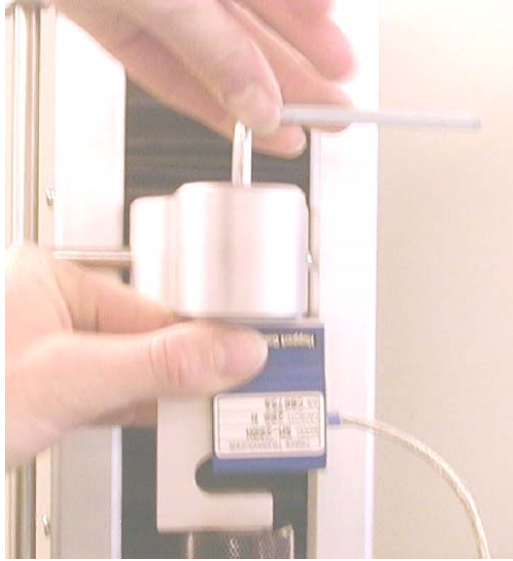
Mounting procedure of Load Cell

Caution!

Small type of load cells (200 N Stage can easily be deformed permanently by torsion forces.

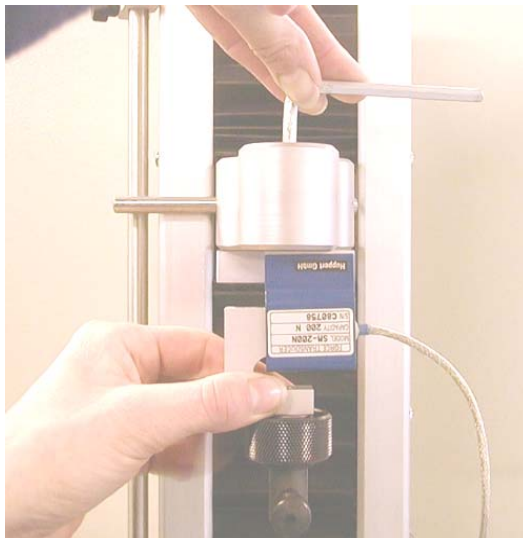
Never put torsion forces on the Load cell while tightening or loosening probes and clamps

only hold the load cell at the upper part!-----
right ↓



✓ OK.

wrong ↓
do not mount like this! Load cell is likely to be destroyed .



✗ never

*Load cell have a fragile area with tiny parts and adjusted DMS strips inside.
Torsion forces can easily deform these thin Stages permanently.*

6) Interface RS232

Table of orders for TH 2730

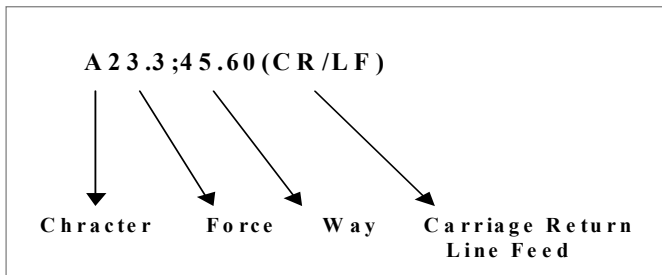
ORDER	FUNCTION	EXAMPLE	RESULT
	End of commands is always \$ * Decimal separator is '.'		
'A'	Actual readings	A\$	Force ;Way
'B'	Last readings (rupt. value)	B\$	Frupt Xrupt
'C'	Write configuration data block	C\$	Receive Conf. Data
'Dxxx'	Set F delta	D20\$	F delta=20N
'E'	Return to zero position	E\$	Return button (to 0,00mm)
'Fxxx'	Set limit of force in test (F limitS)	F200\$	F limitS=200N
'G'	Read configuration data block	G\$	Send Config. data to comp.
'H'	Stop machine	H\$	Stop button
'H?'	Ask for listing command set	H?\$	Command set listing
'Jxxx'	Set return speed	J200\$	VR=200 mm/min
'K0'	Set normal mode	K0\$	Machine in Normal mode
'K1'	Set Constant Force Regulation mode	K1\$	Machine in CFR mode
'Lxxx'	Set end position for test	L100\$	X=100mm
'M'	Last readings (max. value)	M\$	Fmax Xmax
'N'	Read nominal load	N\$	2000 (Load cell = 2000N)
'O'	Reset Load cell and position counter	O\$	0,0N 0,00mm ("0" button)
'O1'	Reset position counter only	O1\$	2,0N 0,00mm
'O2'	Reset Load cell only	O2\$	0,0N 7,34mm
'Pxxx'	Set preforce (F0)	P0.4\$ *	F0=0.4N
'Qxxx'	Set constant force to keep (in CFM)	Q200\$	Force to keep = 200N
'R'	Begin test	R\$	Start button
'RESET'	Hard reset	RESET\$	Reset of system
'S'	Ask for Status	S\$	Condition of machine
'SER?'	Ask for serial number of machine	SER?\$	0001 (max 20char.)
'SER.'	Set serial number in machine	SER:0001\$	Set ser.# 0001 (max 20char.)
'T'	Read software ver. nr. in Flash mem.	T\$	" HEX-3.35 5. 2000 "
'U'	Ask for actual units (US or SI)	U\$	1-SI system, 0-Us system
'Vxxx'	Set speed testing speed	V100\$	V=100mm/min
'Xxxx'	Move to position	X20\$	20mm to up

Serial communication port :

Pin 1=DCD
Pin2=RxD
Pin3=TxD
Pin4=DTR
Pin5=GND
Pin6=DSR
Pin7=RTS
Pin8=CTS
Pin9=RI

Data format:

Bit per second	38400
Data bits	8
Parity	None
Stop bits	1
Protocol	Hardware (RTS/CTS)

*Transmission example:**Character possibility:*

„A“ -actual readings
 „M“ -last readings of max. value(Fmax ; Xmax)
 „B“ -last readings of break(Fbreak ; Xbreak)
 „S“ -status of machine
 „E“ -machine return to zero position
 „R“ -test is running
 „OK“ -reset of Load cell and position is done
 EOF (ASCII=26)-end of data, end of test

Force = 23.3N
 Way = 45.60mm

C 251 Compiler Communication procedure.

```

...
switch(combuffer[0])
{
  case 'R':versuch(0);
    break;
  case 'E':moveto(wegoffset,Tconfig.VR);
    printf("E\n\r");
    break;
  case 'H':mstop();
    break;
  case 'O':adnullen();
    printf("OK\n\r");
    break;
  case 'A':printf("A% 6.*F;% 6.2F\n\r",Tconfig.nachkomma,getkraft(),getweg());
    break;
  case 'M':printf("M% 6.*F;% 6.2F\n\r",Tconfig.nachkomma,fmax,xmax);
    break;
  case 'B':printf("B% 6.*F;% 6.2F\n\r",Tconfig.nachkomma,frupt,xrupt);
    break;
  case 'S':resetproc();
    break;
  case 'V':combuffer[0]=' ';
    T=atof(combuffer);
    if ((T>1)&&(T<1000)) Tparablock.SPEED=T;
    break;
  case 'L':combuffer[0]=' ';
    T=atof(combuffer);
    Tparablock.endpos=T;
    break;
  case 'X':combuffer[0]=' ';
    T=atof(combuffer);
    moveto(T,Tconfig.VR);
    break;

  case 'S':printf("S%d\n\r",status);

```

Delphi 3.0 Receive procedure (for exp.)

```

procedure TForm1.receive(s:string);
const status:word=0;
var  s1,s2:string;
      index1,index2:word;
      y:tvaluesx;
begin
  case s[1] of
    'A':  Begin
            index1:=pos(';',s);
            s1:=copy(s,2,index1-2);
            index2:=pos('#10',s);
            s2:=copy(s,index1+1,index2-index1-1);
            panel2.caption:=s2+'mm';
            panel3.caption:=s1+' N';
          end;
    'R':  Begin
            if status=0 then
              begin
                xychart1.clear;
                timer1.enabled:=false;
                inc(status);
              end;
            index1:=pos(';',s);
            s1:=copy(s,2,index1-2);
            index2:=pos('#10',s);
            s2:=copy(s,index1+1,index2-index1-1);
            panel2.caption:=s2+'mm';
            panel3.caption:=s1+' N';
            Y[0]:=strtofloat(s2);
            Y[1]:=strtofloat(s1);
            Y[2]:=0;
            Y[3]:=0;
            y[4]:=0;
            xychart1.add(y);
          end;
    #26:  begin
            status:=0;
            timer1.enabled:=true;
            speichern1.click(self);
          end;
  end;
end;
end;

```

C 251 Compiler Communication procedure.

```
switch(combuffer[0])
{
case 'R':versuch(0);
        break;
case 'E':moveto(wegoffset,Tconfig.VR);
        printf("E\n\r");
        break;
case 'H':mstop();
        break;
case 'O':adnullen();
        printf("OK\n\r");
        break;
case 'A':printf("A% 6.*F;% 6.2F\n\r",Tconfig.nachkomma,getkraft(),getweg());
        break;
case 'M':printf("M% 6.*F;% 6.2F\n\r",Tconfig.nachkomma,fmax,xmax);
        break;
case 'B':printf("B% 6.*F;% 6.2F\n\r",Tconfig.nachkomma,frupt,xrupt);
        break;
case '$':resetproc();
        break;
case 'V':combuffer[0]=' ';
        T=atof(combuffer);
        if ((T>1)&&(T<1000)) Tparablock.SPEED=T;
        break;
case 'L':combuffer[0]=' ';
        T=atof(combuffer);
        Tparablock.endpos=T;
        break;
case 'X':combuffer[0]=' ';
        T=atof(combuffer);
        moveto(T,Tconfig.VR);
        break;

case 'S':printf("S%d\n\r",status);
        break;
case 'F':combuffer[0]=' ';
        T=atof(combuffer);
        if (fabs(T)<CONFIG.GRENZLAST) Tparablock.LIMIT=fabs(T);

case 'D':combuffer[0]=' ';
        T=atof(combuffer);
        Tparablock.DELTA_F=fabs(T);
case 'P':combuffer[0]=' ';
        T=atof(combuffer);
        Tparablock.F0=fabs(T);

}
```

Delphi 3.0 Receive procedure (for example)

```
procedure TForm1.receive(s:string);
const status:word=0;
var s1,s2:string;
    index1,index2:word;
    y:tvaluesx;
begin
case s[1] of
'A': Begin
    index1:=pos(';',s);
    s1:=copy(s,2,index1-2);
    index2:=pos('#10,s);
    s2:=copy(s,index1+1,index2-index1-1);
    panel2.caption:=s2+'mm';
    panel3.caption:=s1+' N';
    end;
'R': Begin
    if status=0 then begin
        xychart1.clear;
        timer1.enabled:=false;
        inc(status);
        end;
    index1:=pos(';',s);
    s1:=copy(s,2,index1-2);
    index2:=pos('#10,s);
    s2:=copy(s,index1+1,index2-index1-1);
    panel2.caption:=s2+'mm';
    panel3.caption:=s1+' N';
    Y[0]:=strtofloat(s2);
    Y[1]:=strtofloat(s1);
    Y[2]:=0;
    Y[3]:=0;
    y[4]:=0;
    xychart1.add(y);
    end;
#26:begin
    status:=0;
    timer1.enabled:=true;
    speichern1.click(self);
    end;

end;
end;
```


7) *Special programs for test machine*

F (0) Mode

*if F(0) Mode is set to “ 1 “ x will automatically be set to 0
if load will come to a special value (after touching the sample)
used for compression tests*

constant force regulation

with key 8 you can switch to force regulation

with key Menu you can set force

*for example 5 N makes tension 5 N
for example -5N makes compression 5 N*

*if you press Start key force regulation will be activated
machine drives slowly to this force*

*if you press again on key 8 you come back to normal constant speed
regulation*

8) *Number of machine*

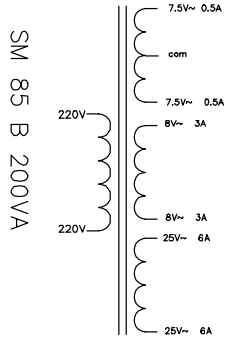
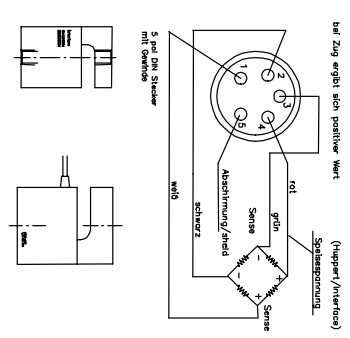
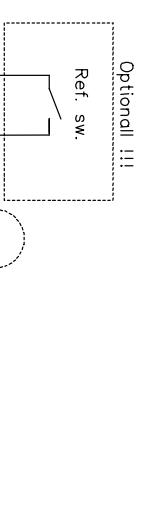
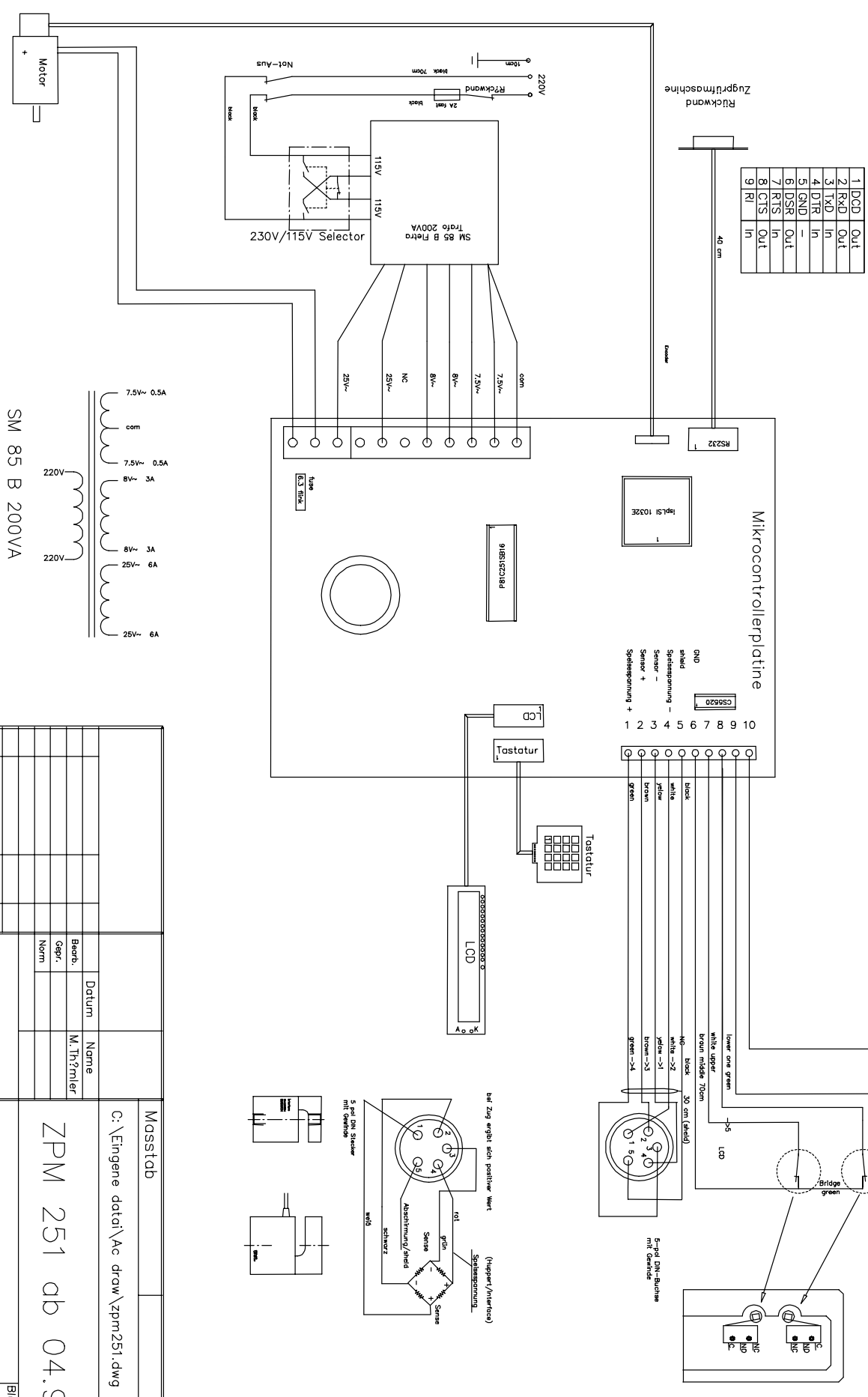
*On backside of machine you can find this number
please use it if you have questions*

9) *Accessories*

*1 RS 232 cable
1 110/220V cable
2 pins 8 mm for adapter
1 certification of load cell*

Grips like ordered see also <http://www.grip-engineering.com>

110V VERSION (USA)



Zust.	Änderung	Datum	Name	Datum	Name
				Beacr.	M. Th?mter
				Gepf.	Norm
Maststab				Massstab	
C:\Eingene data\Ac draw\zpm251.dwg				ZPM 251 db 04.99	
Andrzej27.04.99 16:15zpm251.dwg				Blatt 1 1 Bl.	

Thümler GmbH
grip - engineering

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EG-Konformitätserklärung

Name und

Anschrift des Herstellers: Thümler GmbH 90455 Nürnberg Hans Traut Str. 25

*Beschreibung
der Maschine*

kleine Zugprüfmaschine TH 2730

*Bestimmungen
denen die Maschine
entspricht*

EG Maschinenrichtlinie 89/392
und EWG 91/368, EWG 93/44
VDE 0100, VDE 0106, VDE 0113, DIN 57113 / EN 60204
VDE 0160, VDE 0660
VBG1, VBG4, VBG5, VBG7A, ZH1/456 und ZH1/597

*Stellung
des Verantwortlichen*

M. Thümler Dipl. Ing. (Univ.) Maschinenbauing.

Funktion

Leitung, Entwicklung, Konzeption, Konstruktion
eingetragen in folgende Handwerksrollen
- Elektromechanikerhandwerk Lfd. Nr. 92/09/132 BNR 0052159
- Maschinenbauerhandwerk Lfd. Nr. 87/13/062 BNR 0052159

Nürnberg, den 16. 6. 99

.....

10) Windows software

You can download actual software, manual and hex file from our software homepage

<http://www.grip-soft.de>